

- (c) Derivation of Engel curve from income consumption curve for necessities
- (d) Ridge lines
- (e) Envelope curve

Answer the following questions (**within 500 words** each) :

3. (a) Explain with the help of diagrams, the effects of the following changes on the demand of a commodity : $4+4+4=12$

- (i) Change in the income of consumer
- (ii) Unfavourable change in the taste of buyer of the commodity
- (iii) Change in prices of related goods

Or

- (b) (i) Discuss the various factors that affect price elasticity of demand.
- (ii) The demand for goods x and y have equal price elasticity. The demand of x rises from 100 units to 250 units due to a 20 percent fall in its price. Calculate the percentage rise in demand of y , if its price falls by 8 percent. $6+6=12$

4. (a) Deduce the inverse relationship between the quantity demanded of a commodity and its price in terms of Marshallian analysis. How would you explain, in terms of this analysis, the phenomenon that a fall in price of salt does not make a consumer buy more of it?

$8+3=11$

Or

- (b) Explain consumer's equilibrium condition with the help of indifference curve approach. How will a change in consumer's income affect his equilibrium?

$8+3=11$

5. (a) Using indifference curve analysis, show how price effect of a commodity is decomposed into income effect and substitution effect.

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Or

- (b) What is income consumption curve? Draw indifference curve diagrams