

(2)

- (iii) _____ introduced the payment by result system in Indian education during British period.
- (iv) Simon Commission was appointed in the year_____.

(b) Answer in brief : $1 \times 4 = 4$

- (i) Which educational document is known as the Magna Carta of Indian education?
- (ii) Name the Governor General who appointed Hunter as the Chairman of Indian Education Commission.
- (iii) Who was the Chairman of Calcutta University Commission of 1917?
- (iv) When was the first conference of basic education hold?

2. Write short notes on the following : $4 \times 5 = 20$

- (a) Aims and objectives of Vedic Education
- (b) Lord Bentinck's Education Policy
- (c) Role of indigenous schools in Indian education

(3)

- (d) Main recommendations of Indian Education Commission, 1902
- (e) Status of primary education under Dyarchy

3. Discuss briefly the aims and organization of Buddhist education. $6+5=11$

Or

Examine critically the status of women education in Muslim period. Write four demerits of Islamic education system. $7+4=11$

4. Discuss the contribution of East India Company in Indian education. How does it impact on present system of education in India? $5+5=10$

Or

Who was Lord Macaulay? How was Lord Macaulay's Minute instrumented in bringing the Anglicist and Classicist controversy to an end? Explain. $2+8=10$

5. Evaluate the Hunter Commission's Report of 1882. 10