

(d) "Will, not force, is the basis of the State." This statement was made by Hobbes/ T. H. Green/Machiavelli.

(e) According to John Locke, the state of nature is a pre-political condition.

(Write Yes/No)

(f) "Man is born free; and everywhere he is in chains." This statement was made by St. Augustine/Rousseau/J. S. Mill.

(g) Thomas Hobbes was an English/ a French/ a Greek political philosopher.

(h) Who wrote the book, *The Subjection of Women*?

2. Write on the following (**within 150 words** each) : 4×4=16

(a) Plato's views on the rule of Philosopher King

(b) St. Thomas Aquinas' concepts of Kingship

(c) Salient features of Rousseau's ideas on General Will

(d) J. S. Mill's views on freedom of speech

Answer the following questions (**within 500 words**)

1. Critically discuss the Platonic concept of Justice. 12

Or

Discuss the causes of revolution according to Aristotle. What remedies did he suggest to prevent revolution? 7+5=12

2. Analyze the contribution of St. Augustine to the history of political thought. 11

Or

Explain St. Thomas Aquinas' theory of law and justice. 7+4=11

3. Describe the salient political ideas of Marsiglio of Padua and estimate their values in terms of modern thought. 6+5=11

Or

Critically examine the views of Machiavelli. What are the suggestions that Machiavelli put forward to a 'Prince'? 7+4=11

4. Critically discuss Thomas Hobbes' social contract theory. 11